- What are your general reactions to the data? What questions do these data raise for you?
- What's the story behind the data? How does this connect to your personal experience and/or what you know about education?
- What further information would be helpful?
- What solutions can you think of to address the issues raised by these data?

## **EARLY LEARNING AND CARE | Affordability of Early Care and Education**



95% of parents with young children support expanding access to quality, affordable child care, and preschool for California families.

- The average annual cost of infant care in California is \$16,945—that's \$1,412/month.
- Child care for a 4-year-old costs \$11,475, or \$956 each month.
- California is ranked 3rd out of 50 states and the District of Columbia for most expensive infant care.

# Annual cost in California

**College:** \$8,020

**Housing:** \$16,693

**4-year-old care:** \$11,475

**Infant care:** \$16,945

Source: "California Parent Poll: COVID-19 and Early Childhood," (Oakland, CA.: The Education Trust West, February 2021).; Economic Policy Institute, "The Cost of Child Care in: California", https://www.epi.org/child-care-costs-in-the-united-states/#/CA



## CHILD SAVINGS ACCOUNTS | Local Investment in CSAs



## There are 16+ locally-operated Child Savings Account programs in California.

Local CSA programs in CA currently provide
 184,499 young people (aged infant through high school) with more than \$30 million invested for their post-secondary educations

# These programs aim to provide more than just money, but also:

- Relationships of trust with parents & students
- Partnerships with local schools & community programs
- Language diversity
- Services & resources: financial, educational, basic needs, child development

Source: Self-reported data from a survey of local CSA programs conducted by the CA CSA Coalition in October 2023.



## CHILD SAVINGS ACCOUNTS | Statewide CalKIDS Utilization



Administered by the ScholarShare Investment Board and the CA Treasurer's Office, approx. 3,600,000 children are now eligible for the CalKIDS Child Savings Account (CSA) program. This includes:

- All babies born in California on or after July 1, 2022 will receive up to \$175 in a CSA
- Public school 1st-12th graders who are low-income, homeless and/or in the foster care system will receive up to \$1,500 in a CSA

To date, roughly 15,000 high school graduates have used nearly \$10 million for postsecondary education.

Sources: CalKIDS/ScholarShare Investment Board; CalKIDS Registration Data, published in October 2023 press release from the California State Treasurer's Office.

Only

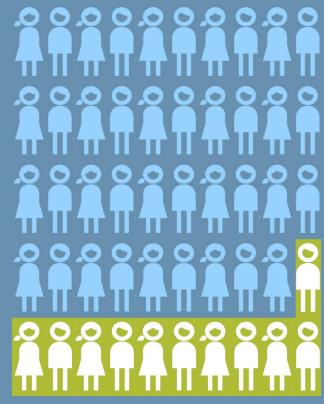
6%

of California families have claimed their CalKIDS

(2023 - CalKIDS registration data)

 78%

of California K-12 students are students of color (2021-22)

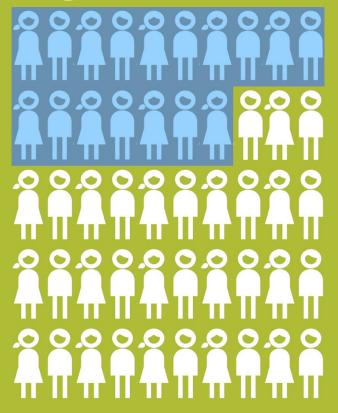


Only

34%

of California teachers are teachers of color

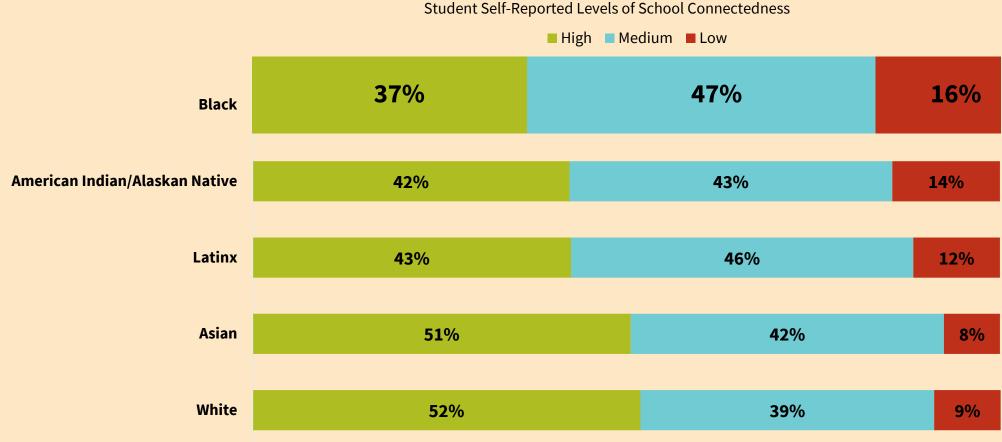
(2018-19 – most recent year of available data)



Source: CDE Data on Student Enrollment and Educator Demographics. Students and teachers of color includes individuals who are Black, Latinx, Asian, Filipino, Native American/Alaskan Natives, and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islanders



# Only 37% of Black students report high levels of feeling happy, safe, connected, and supported at school (CA Healthy Kids survey, 2017-19).

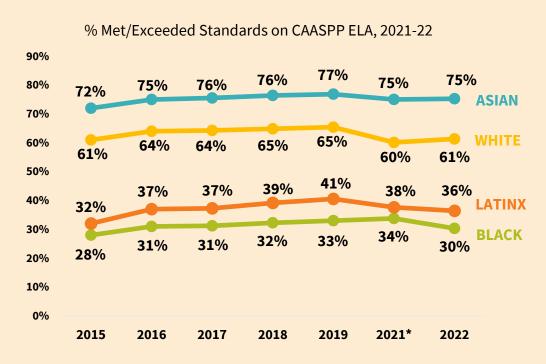


## TK – 12 | Academic Outcomes

Test score decreases across student groups reflect the impact of the pandemic on student learning. Equity gaps that existed before the pandemic have persisted (Smarter Balanced Results, 2021-22).

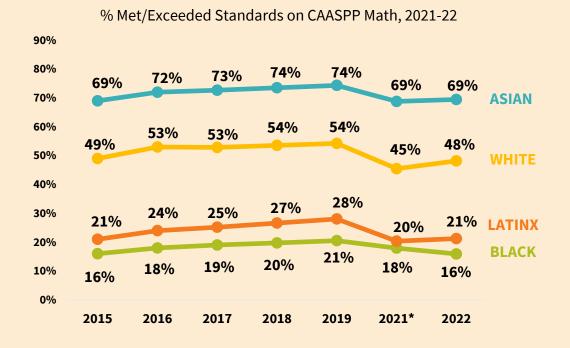


Only 36% of Latinx students and 30% of Black students are at or above grade level in English Language Arts.





Only 21% of Latinx students and 16% of Black students are at or above grade level in Math.



## TK – 12 | English Learners in CA Public Schools

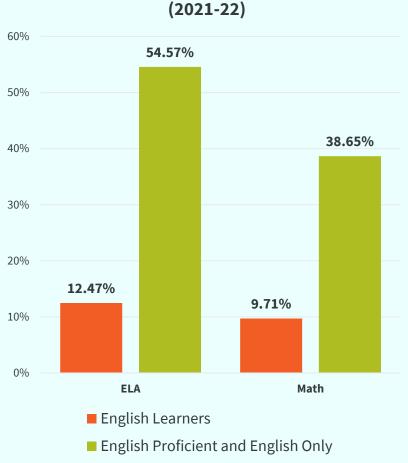
## Over 1.1 million

English learners attend California public schools, making up 18% of total enrollment.



#### **ACADEMIC OUTCOMES**

## % Met/Exceeded Standards on CAASPP (2021-22)



#### PER STUDENT EXPENDITURES

## Average Per Student Expenditures In Districts With The Most And Fewest English Learners,

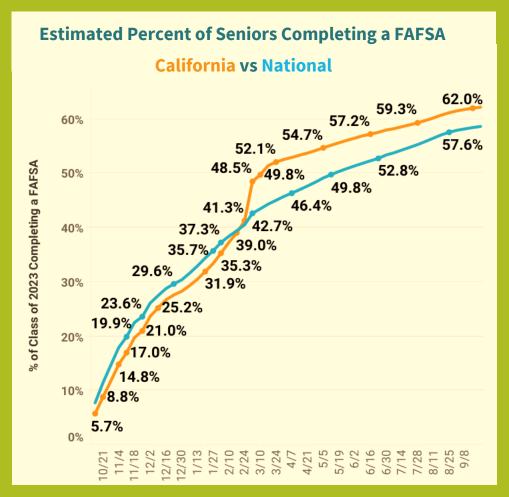
10 years after the passage of the Local Control Funding Formula

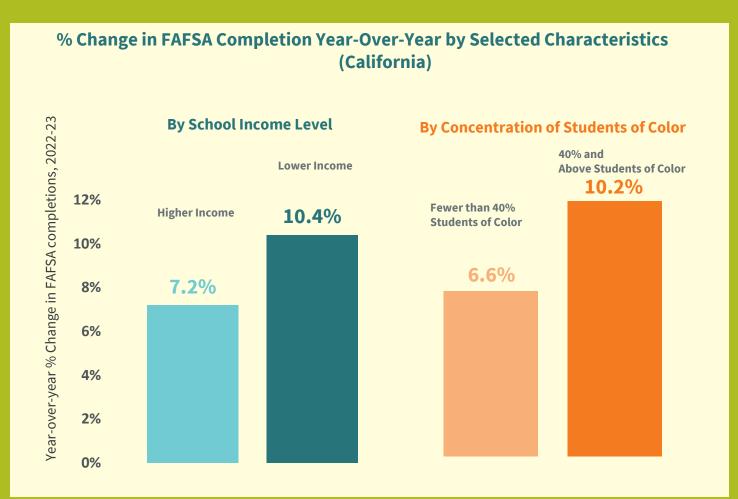


Source: CDE Facts About English Learners in California; 2021-22 CAASPP Results; Education Trust The State of Funding Equity Data Tool

## **COLLEGE ACCESS AND SUCCESS | Financial Aid Application Completion**

**BRIGHT SPOT:** Through September 29, 2023, 62.4% of the high school class of 2023 in California has completed a FAFSA for a total of 343,921 completions. This represents a 9% increase compared to last academic year.





Source: National College Attainment Network, Form Your Future FAFSA TRACKER, accessed 10/27/2023



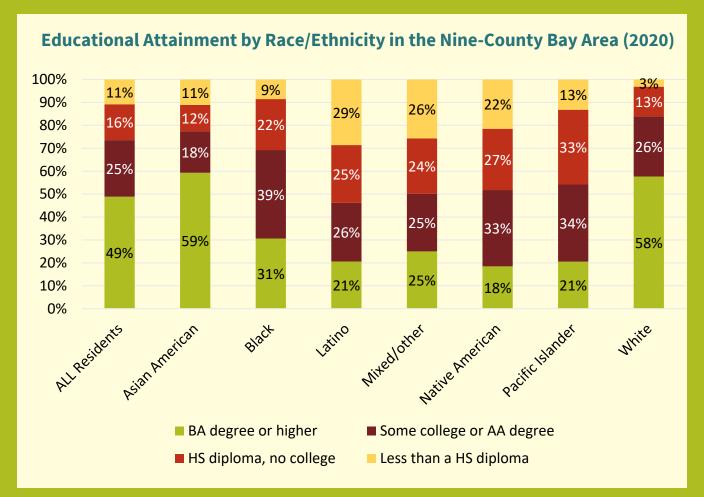
## **CAREER SUCCESS** | Bay Area Growth Industries & Educational Attainment

**QUESTION:** What kind of training will be necessary to succeed in the Bay Area's growth industries? How might stubborn racial and ethnic disparities in college attainment affect the region – and how might we disrupt them?

## Job Growth Trends in Select Bay Area Employment Sectors by 2040

	Sector	Job Growth Trend
1	Construction	
	Health/Education	
(n-0)	Professional/Managerial	
	Transportation/Utility	
W	Agricultural/Natural Resources	
	Manufacturing + Wholesale	

The Bay Area is projected to see strong employment growth in sectors such as **construction**, **health** and **education**, and **professional** and **managerial services**. Manufacturing and resource extraction industries are expected to continue declining, as they have for decades.

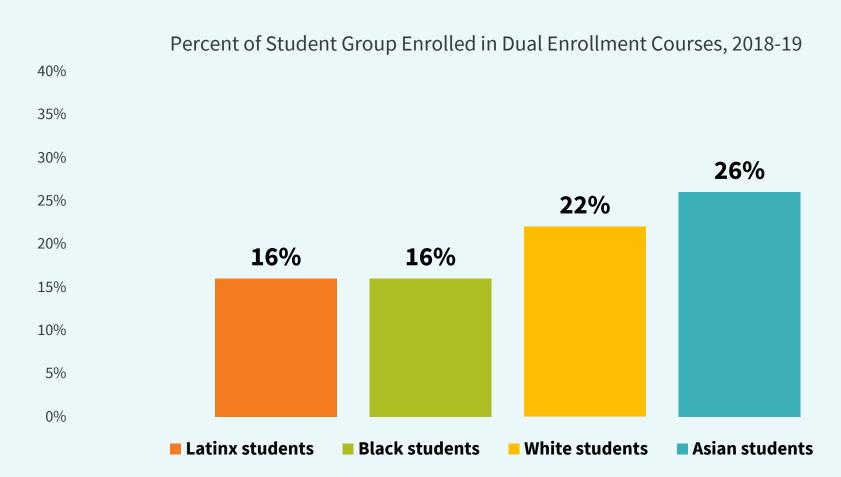


Sources: Regional Forecast of Jobs, Population, and Housing, 2017. Metropolitan Transportation Commission & Association of Bay Area Governments; Bay Area Equity Atlas.



## **COLLEGE ACCESS AND SUCCESS | Dual Enrollment Participation**

# Dual Enrollment participation has increased across all student groups in the last decade, but equity gaps remain.





Source: A Foot in the Door Growth in Participation and Equity in Dual Enrollment in California, UC Davis Wheelhouse, The Center for Community College Leadership and Research